>>> Corporate Governance Report 2019



Corporate Governance Report

As a member of KfW Group, KfW IPEX-Bank GmbH (KfW IPEX-Bank) has committed itself to acting responsibly and transparently in an accountable manner. Both the Management Board and the Board of Supervisory Directors of KfW IPEX-Bank recognise the principles of the German Federal Government's Public Corporate Governance Code (PCGC) as applicable to KfW IPEX-Bank. A Declaration of Compliance with the recommendations of the PCGC was issued for the first time on 23 March 2011. Since then, any instances of non-compliance have been disclosed annually and explained.

KfW IPEX-Bank has operated since 1 January 2008 as a legally independent, wholly-owned subsidiary of KfW Group. Its rules and regulations (Articles of Association, Rules of Procedure for the Board of Supervisory Directors and its Committees, and Rules of Procedure for the Members of the Management Board) contain the principles of management and control by the bank's bodies.

Declaration of compliance

The Management Board and the Board of Supervisory Directors of KfW IPEX-Bank hereby declare: 'Since the last Declaration of Compliance submitted in March 2019, the recommendations of the Public Corporate Governance Code, as adopted by the Federal Government on 1 July 2009, have been and will continue to be fulfilled, with the exception of the following deviations.'

D&O insurance deductible

KfW has taken out D&O insurance in the form of a group insurance policy which also provides insurance cover for members of the Management Board and the Board of Supervisory Directors of KfW IPEX-Bank. During the reporting period, in deviation from Clause 3.3.2 of the PCGC, these D&O insurance policies only provided for a deductible for members of the Management Board. This deductible complies with the provisions of Clause 3.3.2 of the PCGC.

Delegation to committees

The committees of the Board of Supervisory Directors of KfW IPEX-Bank essentially perform only preparatory work for the Board of Supervisory Directors. The Loan Committee takes final loan decisions for financing transactions that exceed a certain predefined limit; this is contrary to Clause 5.1.8 of the PCGC. The limits above which the Loan Committee is required to approve measures and transactions of particular importance within the meaning of Section 10 (5) of the Articles of Association have been raised as of 1 January 2020. In this way the Board of Supervisory Directors and the Management Board of KfW IPEX-Bank achieve an appropriate distribution of competencies between the Board of Supervisory Directors and the Management Board while at the same time reacting to the expansion of the volume

of business and growing volumes of individual commitments of KfW IPEX-Bank.

This procedure is necessary for both practical and efficiency reasons. The delegation of loan decisions to a loan committee is standard practice at banks. It serves to accelerate the decisionmaking process and to consolidate technical expertise within the committee.

The Chairman of the Executive Committee – and not the Board of Supervisory Directors as per Clause 4.4.4 of the PCGC – decides on sideline activities exercised by the members of the Management Board.

Loans to members of bodies

According to the Rules of Procedure for the Board of Supervisory Directors and its committees, KfW IPEX-Bank should not grant individual loans to members of the Board of Supervisory Directors. Although the employment contracts of the members of the Management Board do not include a prohibition clause in this regard, neither do they grant an explicit legal entitlement. To ensure equal treatment, this prohibition does not apply – in derogation of Clause 3.4 of the PCGC – to utilisation of promotional loans made available under KfW programmes. Due to the standardisation of lending and the principle of on-lending through applicants' own banks, there is no risk of conflicts of interest with regard to programme loans.

Design of the Management Board's remuneration system

In derogation of Clauses 4.3.1 and 5.1.8 of the PCGC, remuneration for members of management is determined by the general shareholders' meeting after consultation with the Board of Supervisory Directors, in accordance with Section 5 (1) sentence 3 of the Articles of Association, rather than set by the supervisory body itself. In derogation of Clause 4.3.2 of the PCGC the general shareholders' meeting subsequently altered the performance targets and parameters set in the target agreement for the Management Board after consulting with the Board of Supervisory Directors. In the course of the calendar year 2019 a cost target was added to the target agreement.

Allocation of responsibilities

The Management Board adopted Rules of Procedure, after consulting with the Board of Supervisory Directors and with the consent of the general shareholders' meeting, which include regulations governing cooperation among the management. According to these rules the Management Board allocates responsibilities itself – without additional consent from the Board of Supervisory Directors, in deviation from Clause 4.2.2 of the PCGC, but with the approval of the general shareholders' meeting – in a schedule of responsibilities. This ensures that the Management Board has the flexibility it needs to make necessary changes so that responsibilities are divided up efficiently.

Cooperation between the Management Board and the Board of Supervisory Directors

The Management Board and the Board of Supervisory Directors work together closely for the benefit of KfW IPEX-Bank. The Management Board, in particular the CEO, is in regular contact with the Chairman of the Board of Supervisory Directors. The Management Board discusses important matters concerning corporate governance and corporate strategy with the Board of Supervisory Directors. The Chairman of the Board of Supervisory Directors informs the Board of Supervisory Directors of any issues of major significance and convenes an extraordinary meeting if necessary.

During the reporting year, the Management Board informed the Board of Supervisory Directors in detail about all relevant matters regarding KfW IPEX-Bank, and particularly any matters concerning the bank's net assets, financial position and results of operations, its risk assessment, risk management, risk culture, risk controlling and remuneration systems. In addition, they discussed the bank's overall business development and strategic direction.

Management Board

The members of the Management Board manage the activities of KfW IPEX-Bank with the appropriate due care and diligence of a prudent businessperson pursuant to the law, the Articles of Association and Rules of Procedure for the Members of the Management Board, as well as the decisions of the general shareholders' meeting and of the Board of Supervisory Directors. The allocation of responsibilities within the Management Board is governed by a schedule of responsibilities. The members of the Management Board were responsible for the following areas during the reporting year:

- Mr Klaus R. Michalak: Finance, IT, Products and Corporate Affairs including Compliance (CEO and CFO)
- Mr Andreas Ufer: Markets II, Syndication and Treasury
- Mr Markus Scheer: Markets I
- Ms Claudia Schneider: Risk

The members of the Management Board are obliged to act in the best interests of KfW IPEX-Bank, may not consider personal interests in their decisions, and are subject to a comprehensive noncompetition clause during their employment with KfW IPEX-Bank. The members of the Management Board must immediately disclose any conflicts of interest to the shareholder. No such situation occurred during the reporting year.

Board of Supervisory Directors

The company has a mandatory Board of Supervisory Directors in accordance with Section 1 (1) n° 3 of the German One-Third Participation Act (*Drittelbeteiligungsgesetz – DrittelbG*). The Board of Supervisory Directors advises and monitors the Management Board in the management of the bank.

In accordance with KfW IPEX-Bank's Articles of Association, the Board of Supervisory Directors has nine members: two representatives from KfW, two representatives from the Federal Government – one each from the Federal Ministry of Finance and the Federal Ministry for Economic Affairs and Energy – and two representatives from industry as well as three employee representatives. In accordance with the Rules of Procedure for the Board of Supervisory Directors and its committees, the Board is to be chaired by a representative of KfW. As the current Chairman is Prof. Dr Joachim Nagel, this requirement is met. During the reporting year and as of 31 December 2019, the Board of Supervisory Directors included one female representative.

In accordance with the Rules of Procedure for the Board of Supervisory Directors and its Committees, adapted to the requirements of Section 25d (3) of the German Banking Act (Kreditwesengesetz – KWG), the members of the Board of Supervisory Directors may not include anyone who is on the management board of a company and also a member of more than two companies' administrative or supervisory bodies, or who is a member of more than four companies' administrative or supervisory bodies. However, pursuant to Section 64r (14) of the Banking Act, this rule does not apply to mandates for administrative and supervisory bodies already held by members of the Board of Supervisory Directors as of 31 December 2013. This 'grandfather clause' applies to two members of the Board of Supervisory Directors. In addition, the German Federal Financial Supervisory Authority (Bundesanstalt für Finanzdienstleistungs*aufsicht – BaFin*) may authorise a member of an administrative or supervisory body to assume an additional mandate. One member of the Board of Supervisory Directors has received such authorisation for an additional mandate. Members of the Board of Supervisory Directors should also not serve in an administrative, supervisory or consulting role for any significant competitors of the company. The members of the Board of Supervisory Directors complied with these recommendations during the reporting period. Conflicts of interest should be disclosed to the Board of Supervisory Directors. In two cases where loans were submitted to the Loan Committee for approval, members abstained from the vote in order to avoid a conflict of interest. No member of the Board of Supervisory Directors participated in fewer than half of the board meetings during the reporting year.

Committees of the Board of Supervisory Directors

The Board of Supervisory Directors has established the following committees to fulfil its advisory and monitoring responsibilities in a more efficient manner.

The **Executive Committee** is responsible for personnel-related matters and the bank's management policies, as well as – insofar as necessary – preparation for the meetings of the Board of Supervisory Directors.

The **Remuneration Control** Committee is responsible for overseeing remuneration and ensuring that systems of remuneration for members of the Management Board and employees are appropriate.

The **Risk Committee** is responsible for risk-related issues. In particular, it advises the Board of Supervisory Directors on matters relating to risk tolerance and risk strategy.

The **Loan Committee** is responsible for loan-related issues. It takes final decisions on all loan-related matters for which the Management Board requires the approval of the Board of Supervisory Directors pursuant to the Articles of Association and/or Rules of Procedure for the Members of the Management Board.

The **Audit Committee** is responsible for matters regarding accounting and risk management, as well as preparatory work for the issuance of the audit engagement and the establishment of audit priorities as part of the annual audit of the bank's financial statements. It discusses the quarterly reports and annual financial statements in preparation for meetings of the full Board of Supervisory Directors.

The chairs of the committees report to the Board of Supervisory Directors on a regular basis. The Board of Supervisory Directors has the right to change or rescind the competencies delegated to the committees at any time – with the exception of the competencies of the Remuneration Control Committee.

The Board of Supervisory Directors provides information about its work and that of its committees during the reporting year in its report. An overview of the members of the Board of Supervisory Directors and its committees is available on the website of KfW IPEX-Bank.

Shareholder

As shareholder, KfW Beteiligungsholding GmbH owns 100% of the share capital of KfW IPEX-Bank. The general shareholders' meeting is responsible for all matters for which another governing body does not hold sole responsibility, either by law or by the Articles of Association. It is responsible in particular for the approval of the annual financial statements, for the determination of the amount available for payment of performance-based, variable remuneration within the company, for the appointment and removal of members of the Board of Supervisory Directors who are not employee representatives and of members of the Management Board, for the formal approval of their work at the end of each financial year, and for the appointment of the auditor.

Supervision

Since its spin-off, KfW IPEX-Bank has been fully subject to the provisions of the German Banking Act. With effect from 1 January 2008, BaFin granted the bank a licence to act as an IRBA (Internal Ratings-Based Approach) bank for rating corporates, banks, sovereigns and specialist financing transactions (elementary/ slotting approach). The bank uses the standard approach to calculate the regulatory capital requirements associated with operational risks. Due to the special status of KfW (in accordance with Section 2 (1) nº 2 of the German Banking Act, KfW is not considered a credit institution), there is a financial holding group within the meaning of Section 10a of the German Banking Act in conjunction with Article 11 ff. of the CRR, for which KfW IPEX-Bank is the superordinated undertaking. KfW IPEX-Bank has incorporated KfW Beteiligungsholding GmbH into the consolidated group for regulatory reporting purposes as a subordinated undertaking within the meaning of Section 10a (1) sentence 3 of the German Banking Act.

Protection of deposits

With effect from 1 January 2008, BaFin assigned KfW IPEX-Bank to the statutory deposit guarantee scheme of the Association of German Public Banks (*Entschädigungseinrichtung des Bundesverbandes Öffentlicher Banken Deutschlands GmbH*). The bank is also a voluntary member of the deposit guarantee fund of the Association of German Public Banks (*Bundesverband Öffentlicher Banken Deutschlands e.V.*).

Transparency

KfW IPEX-Bank provides all important information about itself and its annual financial statements on its website. The Communication department also regularly provides information regarding the latest developments at the bank. Annual Corporate Governance Reports including the Declaration of Compliance with the PCGC are always available on the website of KfW IPEX-Bank.

Risk management

Risk management and risk controlling are key responsibilities within the integrated risk/return management at KfW IPEX-Bank. Using the risk strategy, the Management Board defines the framework for the bank's business activities regarding risk tolerance and the capacity to bear risk. This ensures that KfW IPEX-Bank can fulfil its particular responsibilities with an appropriate risk profile in a sustainable, long-term manner. The bank's overall risk situation is analysed and documented comprehensively in monthly risk reports to the Management Board as well as by internal committees that meet on a regular basis, and decisions are taken on risk-related measures. The Board of Supervisory Directors is updated regularly on the bank's risk situation; it is provided with written reports on a monthly basis and with detailed information during meetings that take place on a quarterly basis.

Compliance

The success of KfW IPEX-Bank depends to a large extent on the trust of its shareholder, clients, business partners, employees and the general public in terms of its performance and, especially, its integrity. This trust is based not least on implementing and

complying with the relevant legal and regulatory provisions and internal procedures, and all other applicable laws and regulations. The compliance organisation at KfW IPEX-Bank includes, in particular, measures for ensuring adherence to data protection requirements, securities compliance, regulatory compliance, compliance with financial sanctions, as well as measures for preventing money laundering, terrorist financing and other criminal activities, and for achieving an appropriate level of information security. There are corresponding binding rules and procedures that ensure the day-to-day implementation of such values and determine the associated corporate culture and risk culture; these are continually updated to reflect the current legal and regulatory framework as well as market requirements. Training sessions on all compliance-related issues are held on a regular basis for KfW IPEX-Bank employees.

Accounting and annual audit

On 19 December 2018, the general shareholders' meeting of KfW IPEX-Bank appointed Ernst & Young GmbH Wirtschaftsprüfungsgesellschaft as auditor of the financial statements for the 2019 financial year. The Board of Supervisory Directors had already issued the audit engagement to Ernst & Young on 23 November 2018, subject to it being appointed by the general shareholders' meeting. The bank and the auditor agreed that the Chairman of the Audit Committee would be informed without delay of any findings and incidents arising during the audit that could be of importance to the work of the Board of Supervisory Directors. It was furthermore agreed that the auditor would inform the Audit Committee Chairman if it identified any facts during the audit that would render the Declaration of Compliance with the PCGC incorrect, and/or record this in the audit report. A declaration of auditor independence was obtained.

Efficiency review of the Board of Supervisory Directors

The Board of Supervisory Directors has always regularly reviewed the efficiency of its activities. Since Section 25d (11) of the German Banking Act entered into force on 1 January 2014, the Board of Supervisory Directors has been obliged to evaluate itself and the Management Board on an annual basis. It performed its latest evaluation in the fourth quarter of 2019 on the basis of structured questionnaires. The overall outcome of the assessment was a score of 1.4. The Board of Supervisory Directors' self-evaluation does not indicate an urgent or acute need for any measures to be taken. The evaluation of the Management Board began at the end of 2019 and will be completed in the first quarter of 2020.

Remuneration for the Management Board

The remuneration system for the Management Board of KfW IPEX-Bank is intended to remunerate the members of the Management Board appropriately according to their roles and areas of responsibility and to take account of both individual performance and the performance of the bank. Management Board contracts are drawn up based on the 1992 version of the principles for the appointment of board members at German federal credit institutions (*Grundsätze für die Anstellung der Vorstandsmitglieder bei den Kreditinstituten des Bundes*) adopted by the Federal Cabinet. The contracts take PCGC requirements and further relevant legal provisions into account.

Components of remuneration

The remuneration of the Management Board consists of a fixed, annual base salary and a variable, performance-based bonus. All contracts are in accordance with Section 25a (5) of the German Banking Act in conjunction with the German Remuneration Ordinance for Institutions (Institutsvergütungsverordnung – IVV). The establishment of the variable, performance-based bonus component is based on an agreement regarding targets that is concluded with the Management Board by the general shareholders' meeting - after consultation with the Board of Supervisory Directors - at the beginning of each year. This agreement includes financial, quantitative and qualitative targets for both the Group and the company, targets specific to the areas of responsibility for each member of the Management Board, and also personal targets. In the subsequent years, in line with currently applicable legal requirements, the performance-based bonus, which is calculated according to the achievement of targets, is either paid out immediately - on a pro rata basis or deferred. Deferred remuneration components are tracked by means of a 'bonus account'. These components are paid out on a pro rata basis over a holding period that is set in accordance with currently applicable legal requirements, provided that the legal requirements in this regard have been met. Beyond this holding period, it is possible for claims for deferred remuneration components to be reduced, up to and including their complete elimination, depending upon the bank's financial performance or as a result of any misconduct.

Summary of total remuneration paid to members of the Management Board and of the Board of Supervisory Directors

	2019 EUR in thousands	2018 EUR in thousands	Change EUR in thousands
Members of the Management Board	2,005	1,939	67
Members of the Board of Supervisory Directors	176	207	-31
Total	2,181	2,146	36

Remuneration report

The remuneration report describes the basic structure of the remuneration system for members of the Management Board and of the Board of Supervisory Directors; it also discloses the remuneration of the individual members. The level of remuneration for the Management Board and the Board of Supervisory Directors is disclosed in the notes to the financial statements.

For the 2015 financial year and subsequent financial years, the rules for payment of performance-based bonuses have been amended in accordance with the relevant provisions of the Remuneration Ordinance for Institutions. According to these rules, 60% of the performance-based bonus is deferred and paid out over the payment period required by the Ordinance. Each 'annual tranche' of the payment (and the 40% tranche paid immediately) is divided into two components: 50% of the annual tranche is allocated to the 'cash component' and the remaining 50% to the 'sustainability component'. Unlike the cash component, the sustainability component is subject to an additional one-year 'holding period' before being paid out.

The 'value' of the sustainability component of this variable remuneration may also increase or decrease over the course of the payment period. Depending on the bank's performance, both the cash and sustainability components may be cancelled in their entirety.

The overview below shows the total remuneration paid to the individual members of the Management Board, divided into fixed and variable remuneration components and other remuneration, as well as additions to pension provisions. The members' bonus accounts containing the deferred performance-based bonus components are also shown.

Annual remuneration paid to active members of the Management Board and additions to pension provisions during 2019 and 2018 in EUR thousands¹⁾

	Sal	Salary		Variable remuner- ation ²⁾		Other remuner- ation ³⁾		Total		Bonus account ⁴⁾		Additions to pension provisions	
	2019	2018	2019	2018	2019	2018	2019	2018	2019	2018	2019	2018	
	the	EUR in ousands	the	EUR in pusands	the	EUR in pusands	the	EUR in usands	tho	EUR in usands	the	EUR in ousands	
Klaus R. Michalak (CEO)	410	406	99	92	15	15	524	513	307	307	327	288	
Markus Scheer	410	406	76	76	26	25	512	506	236	236	718	641	
Claudia Schneider	410	406	34	13	10	7	454	426	186	143	412	334	
Andreas Ufer	410	406	71	55	36	33	516	494	233	227	587	481	
Total	1,638	1,623	280	236	87	80	2,005	1,939	962	914	2,044	1,744	

¹⁾ Rounding differences may occur in the table for computational reasons.

²⁾ Variable remuneration relates to the payment of performance-based bonuses for work performed as a member of the Management Board and also to deferred bonus components from previous years.

³⁾ This remuneration is presented in analogy with the figures given in the Notes in accordance with Section 285 (9) of the German Commercial Code excluding employer benefits according to the German Social Insurance Act (*Sozialversicherungsgesetz*). These totalled EUR 53 thousand in 2019 (previous year: EUR 52 thousand).

⁴⁾ As well as individual performance-based bonuses carried forward from previous years, the bonus account also includes the provision for bonuses for financial year 2019. In this financial year bonus components due for payment and carried forward were paid out partly with a reduction due to insufficient sustainable performance of KfW IPEX-Bank. There were no deductions for penalties.

Responsibilities

The general shareholders' meeting consults on the remuneration system for the Management Board, including its contractual elements, and reviews it regularly. It approves the remuneration system after consulting with the Board of Supervisory Directors. The most recent review of the system's appropriateness took place on 22 March 2019.

Contractual fringe benefits

Other remuneration primarily includes contractual fringe benefits. The members of the Management Board of KfW IPEX-Bank are entitled to a company car for both business and private use. Costs incurred as a result of private use of a company car are borne by the members of the Management Board in accordance with currently valid tax legislation.

The members of the Management Board are insured under a group accident insurance policy. They are covered by two insurance policies for the risks associated with their activities on the bank's management bodies. The first provides liability insurance for monetary damages (D&O insurance) and the second offers supplemental legal protection for monetary damages. Both policies are group insurance policies. There is a deductible of 10% in relation to D&O insurance policies for the members of the Management Board. Members of the Management Board of KfW IPEX-Bank acting in their management capacity are also protected by a special group legal expenses insurance policy for employees that covers criminal defence, which was taken out by KfW.

Other remuneration does not include remuneration received for the exercise of corporate mandates held and sideline activities performed by a member of the Management Board outside the Group with the approval of the competent bodies of KfW IPEX-Bank. The entire amount of such remuneration is considered personal income of members of the Management Board. In 2019, the members of the Management Board did not receive remuneration for exercising group mandates.

The members of the Management Board are entitled, as are all other members of the bank's staff, to participate in deferred compensation, a supplemental company pension plan involving deferred compensation payments deducted from salary, insofar as such a plan is generally offered.

In addition, contractual fringe benefits include the costs of security measures for residential property occupied by members of the Management Board; these costs are not reported under Other remuneration but instead under Non-personnel expense. As in the previous year, the bank did not incur any costs for security measures in the 2019 financial year.

Contractual fringe benefits also comprise employer benefits as per the German Code of Social Law (*Sozialgesetzbuch – SGB*); in analogy to the figures in the Notes (Section 285 Clause 9 of the German Commercial Code [*Handelsgesetzbuch – HGB*]), these are not reported under Other remuneration. Contractual fringe benefits that cannot be granted tax-free are subject to taxation as non-cash benefits for members of the Management Board.

There were no outstanding loans to members of the Management Board in 2019.

Retirement pension payments and other benefits in the case of early retirement

According to Section 5 (1) sentence 6 of the Articles of Association of KfW IPEX-Bank, the appointment of a member of the Management Board is not to extend beyond statutory retirement age. Managing Directors who turn 65 years of age and/or reach statutory retirement age and whose contract for serving on the Management Board has expired are entitled to retirement pension payments. One board member who was first appointed as a member of the Management Board prior to 2014 may, at his/ her request, retire early when he/she reaches 63 years of age. Members of the Management Board are also entitled to retirement pension payments if their employment ends due to ongoing disability.

Pension commitments for Management Board members as well as for their surviving dependents are based on the 1992 version of the principles for the appointment of board members at German federal credit institutions adopted by the Federal Cabinet. The PCGC is taken into account when contracts of employment are drawn up for members of the Management Board.

A severance payment cap has been included in the employment contracts of members of the Management Board in accordance with PCGC recommendations. This cap limits payments to a member of the Management Board following premature termination of employment without good cause as per Section 626 of the German Civil Code (*Bürgerliches Gesetzbuch – BGB*) to two years' annual salary or the remuneration including fringe benefits for the remainder of the contract, whichever is lower.

In principle, the maximum retirement pension entitlement for members of the Management Board equals 49% of the most recent gross salaries paid. In one case the entitlement amounts to 55%. The retirement pension entitlement increases over an individually agreed period by a fixed percentage with every year of service completed until the maximum pension entitlement is attained.

If the employment contract of a member of the Management Board is terminated or not extended for good cause pursuant to Section 626 of the Civil Code, the retirement pension entitlements will expire according to the legal principles established for employment contracts.

Retirement pension payments to former members of the Management Board totalling EUR 557 thousand (previous year: EUR 398 thousand) were made in the 2019 financial year.

In addition, deferred performance-based bonuses totalling EUR 35 thousand (previous year: EUR 88 thousand) were paid to former members of the Management Board. As of 31 December 2019, further deferred bonus components of EUR 36 thousand remained in the bonus account (previous year: EUR 73 thousand). Provisions for pension obligations for former members of the Management Board and their surviving dependents totalled EUR 13,845 thousand at the end of the 2019 financial year (previous year: EUR 12,785 thousand). The overview below shows payments made to former members of the Management Board and/or to their surviving dependents:

	Number		er Retirement benefits		Number		Payment of deferred performance- based bonuses ¹⁾		Number		Provisions for pension obligations	
	2019 th	2018 EUR in ousands	2019 the	2018 EUR in pusands	2019 th	2018 EUR in ousands	2019 the	2018 EUR in ousands	2019 th	2018 EUR in ousands	2019 th	2018 EUR in ousands
Former members of the Management Board	3	3	557	398	1	2	35	88	3	3	13,845	12,785
Surviving dependents	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Total	3	3	557	398	1	2	35	88	3	3	13,845	12,785

Remuneration paid to former members of the Management Board and/or their surviving dependents

¹⁾ As of 31 December 2019, further deferred bonus components in the amount of EUR 36 thousand (previous year: EUR 73 thousand) remained in the bonus account.

Remuneration for the Board of Supervisory Directors

The members of the Board of Supervisory Directors receive annual remuneration at a level determined by the general shareholders' meeting. According to its provisions, and unchanged from the previous year, the net annual remuneration for a member of the Board of Supervisory Directors is EUR 22,000, and the net annual remuneration for the Chairman is EUR 28,600.

Members who join during the year receive their remuneration on a pro rata basis.

In addition, the members of the Board of Supervisory Directors receive a net fee of EUR 1,000 for each meeting of the Board of Supervisory Directors or of one of its committees that they attend. Members of the Board of Supervisory Directors can also claim, to a reasonable extent, reimbursement of travel and other miscellaneous expenses that they have incurred in the performance of their duties. The representatives from KfW on the Board of Supervisory Directors of KfW IPEX-Bank have waived this remuneration and the meeting attendance fees since 1 July 2011 in accordance with a fundamental and permanent decision by the Executive Board of KfW to waive such remuneration for mandates exercised within the Group.

Details regarding the remuneration of the Board of Supervisory Directors during the 2019 and 2018 financial years are listed in the following tables; travel expenses and other miscellaneous expenses were reimbursed based upon receipts and are not included in this table.

Remuneration paid to members of the Board of Supervisory Directors for 2019 in EUR

Member	Dates of service	Annual remuneration (net)	Attendance fees (net) ¹⁾	Total (net)
Dr Nagel ²⁾	1 Jan. – 31 Dec.	_	_	-
Dr Peiß ²⁾	1 Jan. – 31 Dec.		_	_
Dr Rupp	1 Jan. – 31 Dec.	22,000.00	17,000.00	39,000.00
Ms Kollmann	1 Jan. – 31 Dec.	22,000.00	10,000.00	32,000.00
Mr Gasten	1 Jan. – 31 Dec.	22,000.00	13,000.00	35,000.00
Mr Knittel	1 Jan. – 31 Dec.	22,000.00	17,000.00	39,000.00
Mr Koch	1 Jan. – 31 Dec.	22,000.00	9,000.00	31,000.00
State Secretary Dr Nussbaum ²⁾	1 Jan. – 31 Dec.			_
State Secretary Dr Kukies ²⁾	1 Jan. – 31 Dec.			_
Total		110,000.00	66,000.00	176,000.00

¹⁾ Lump sum of EUR 1,000 net per meeting attended

²⁾ Remuneration not claimed

Remuneration paid to members of the Board of Supervisory Directors for 2018 in EUR

Member	Dates of service	Annual remuneration (net)	Attendance fees (net) ¹⁾	Total (net)
Dr Nagel ²⁾	1 Jan. – 31 Dec.	_	_	-
Dr Peiß ²⁾	1 Jan. – 31 Dec.	_	_	_
Dr Rupp	1 Jan. – 31 Dec.	22,000.00	17,000.00	39,000.00
Dr Schuknecht ³⁾	1 Jan. – 15 Aug.	14,667.00	11,000.00	25,667.00
State Secretary Machnig ²⁾	1 Jan. – 13 Apr.			_
Ms Kollmann	1 Jan. – 31 Dec.	22,000.00	13,000.00	35,000.00
Mr Gasten	1 Jan. – 31 Dec.	22,000.00	12,000.00	34,000.00
Mr Knittel	1 Jan. – 31 Dec.	22,000.00	19,000.00	41,000.00
Mr Koch	1 Jan. – 31 Dec.	22,000.00	10,000.00	32,000.00
State Secretary Dr Nussbaum ²⁾	29 May – 31 Dec.			_
State Secretary Dr Kukies ²⁾	16 Aug. – 31 Dec.			_
Total		124,667.00	82,000.00	206,667.00

¹⁾ Lump sum of EUR 1,000 net per meeting attended

²⁾ Remuneration not claimed

³⁾ These amounts are subject to the German Sideline Activity Earnings Regulation (Bundesnebenverdienstordnung).

The indicated amounts are net values and were all paid for the reporting year.

There are no pension obligations in respect of members of the Board of Supervisory Directors.

Members of the Board of Supervisory Directors did not receive any remuneration for services provided personally during the reporting year.

No direct loans were extended to members of the Board of Supervisory Directors during the reporting year. The members

Frankfurt, March 2020

Management Board

Board of Supervisory Directors

of the Board of Supervisory Directors are covered by two insurance policies for the risks associated with their board activities. The first provides liability insurance for monetary damages (D&O insurance) and the second offers supplemental legal protection for monetary damages. Both policies are group insurance policies of KfW. A deductible has not been agreed at present. Members of the Board of Supervisory Directors of KfW IPEX-Bank acting in their capacity as such are also protected by a special group legal expenses insurance policy for employees that covers criminal defence, which was taken out by KfW.